Single And Double Slit Interference

- 1. Open up the VSlits program. (note::It is also available as a button in the Vinterference and Vdiffraction program)
- 2. Verify that you can properly measure the values be setting the following conditions. Then use the ruler to measure the appropriate values to solve for the "unknown".
 - a) For a single slit, set Screen distance to be 260 cm, slit width to be 80 μm and wavelength of light to be 400nm. Calculate x₂. measure x₂ to verify results
 - b) For a single slit, Set Screen distance to be 180 cm, slit width to be 60 μ m and wavelength of light to be 480 nm. Measure Δx . Assume slit width is your unknown. Solve and check if you get 60 μ m.
 - c) For a double slit, Set screen distance to be 180 cm, slit separation to be 120 μm and wavelength to 650 nm. Solve for x₄. Measure to verify.
 - d) For a double slit, Set screen distance to be 380 cm, slit separation to be 110 μ m and wavelength to 570 nm. Measure Δx . Assume screen distance is the unknown. Solve and check if you get 380 cm.

Once you are comfortable with using the program complete the following lab.

- 1. Select experiment #1 from the dropdown Box.
- 2. What type of interference pattern do you see, Single or double slit? Explain why.
- 3. Use the ruler to measure the Δx value for this pattern and record your results.
- 4. Solve for the missing value. (show calculations)
- 5. Repeat for experiments #3 and #5.
- 6. Are the unknowns for each of the experiments? (Show calculations)
- 7. Repeat for the experiments #2, 4 and 6 but measure the \mathbf{x}_n value. For accuracy, use the largest " \mathbf{n} " possible.
- 8. Record the results.
- 9. What are the unknowns for each of the experiments? (Show calculations)
- 10. Redo exp #3 by measuring x_n and redo exp #4 by measuring Δx .
- 11. Should your values match your previous answers? Why/why not?